

2024

BOTANY — HONOURS**Paper : DSE-A-1 and DSE-A-2***The figures in the margin indicate full marks.**Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words
as far as practicable.***DSE-A-1****(Biostatistics)****Full Marks : 50**

1. Answer *any five* questions : 2×5
- What do you mean by random sampling?
 - State one use and one limitation of Biostatistics.
 - What is degree of freedom?
 - What is test of significance?
 - What is mutually exclusive event?
 - State the Hardy Weinberg Principle.
 - What do you mean by 'Bottleneck Effect'?
 - Compare variable and variant.
2. Answer *any two* questions :
- What do you mean by measures of dispersion? Briefly explain the different measures of dispersion. 1+4
 - State the rules of probability with explanation. 5
 - In a human population a sample of 100 individuals for MN blood group character shows 50 MM, 20 MN and 30 NN individuals. Find out the allele frequencies of the M and N alleles. 5
 - Find out the Standard error from the following data set : 5

| | | | | | | |
|----------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Length of pods | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 |
| No. of pods | 12 | 18 | 27 | 20 | 17 | 06 |

Please Turn Over**(0379+0396)**

3. Answer *any three* questions :

- (a) Define Central Tendency. What is frequency distribution?

Frequency distribution of height of plants is given below :

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Height (in inches) | 1-10 | 11-20 | 21-30 | 31-40 | 41-50 | 51-60 |
| No. of plants | 04 | 06 | 20 | 10 | 07 | 03 |

Calculate the mean height, variance and standard deviation.

2+2+2+2+2

- (b) Define 'Goodness of fit'. In a plant breeding experiment, one yellow seeded pea plants produced 50 yellow seeds and 46 green seeds in F₂. Calculate the segregating ratio and determine the χ^2 (Chi-square) value. Comment on your analysis. [probability 0.05, degree of freedom 1, table value of $\chi^2 = 3.841$]

2+2+3+3

- (c) What is co-efficient of variation? Mention one merit and one demerit of standard deviation. In two different populations (Batch - I and Batch - II), the seed number per fruit is calculated.

| | |
|------------|--|
| Batch - I | 10, 10, 07, 09, 07, 06, 08, 09, 07, 09 |
| Batch - II | 11, 09, 10, 11, 12, 11, 06, 07, 05, 08 |

Find out the co-efficient of variation and comment on observation.

2+1+1+5+1

- (d) (i) Mention the factors affecting gene frequency.

(ii) A bag contains 5 white and 3 black balls. Two balls are drawn at random, one after the other without replacement. Find the probability of both the balls drawn are black.

5+5

- (e) Distinguish between the following (*any four*) :

2½×4

- (i) Sample and Population
- (ii) Primary and Secondary data
- (iii) Discrete variable and Continuous variable
- (iv) Relative frequency and Cumulative frequency
- (v) Null hypothesis and Alternative hypothesis
- (vi) Independent and Dependent Event.

Paper : DSE-A-2**(Industrial and Environmental Microbiology)****Full Marks : 50**

1. Answer *any five* questions : 2×5
- What are the industrial uses of glutamic acid and lipase?
 - What is the use of penicillin acylase enzyme?
 - What is the difference between biochemical and biological oxygen demand?
 - What are the functions of vesicle and arbuscule in VAM?
 - Name a microbe used in industrial production of ethanol.
 - Write down the advantages of lyophilization.
 - State one use of centrifugation in industry.
 - What is fluidized bed reactor?
2. Answer *any two* questions : 5×2
- Write the importance of mycorrhizal association in plant health.
 - Compare solid and liquid fermentation process.
 - Discuss about the properties of microbial indicator organisms and their uses.
3. Answer *any three* questions :
- What is bioremediation? Discuss the different types of microbes involved in bioremediation of contaminated soil. 2+8
 - Discuss the fermentation conditions and process of industrial production of penicillin. Mention the various uses of penicillin. 8+2
 - What is enzyme immobilization? What are its main advantages and disadvantages? Discuss about the different types of enzyme immobilization used industrially with suitable examples. 2+(2+2)+4
 - Discuss the process of isolation of microorganisms from soil. State the different types of microorganisms that occur in soil with examples. What is aeromicrobiology? 5+4+1
 - What is biological nitrogen fixation? State the process of isolating a root nodulating bacteria. 2+8

Paper : DSE-A-2**(Industrial and Environmental Microbiology)****Full Marks : 50**

1. Answer *any five* questions : 2×5
- What are the industrial uses of glutamic acid and lipase?
 - What is the use of penicillin acylase enzyme?
 - What is the difference between biochemical and biological oxygen demand?
 - What are the functions of vesicle and arbuscule in VAM?
 - Name a microbe used in industrial production of ethanol.
 - Write down the advantages of lyophilization.
 - State one use of centrifugation in industry.
 - What is fluidized bed reactor?
2. Answer *any two* questions : 5×2
- Write the importance of mycorrhizal association in plant health.
 - Compare solid and liquid fermentation process.
 - Discuss about the properties of microbial indicator organisms and their uses.
3. Answer *any three* questions :
- What is bioremediation? Discuss the different types of microbes involved in bioremediation of contaminated soil. 2+8
 - Discuss the fermentation conditions and process of industrial production of penicillin. Mention the various uses of penicillin. 8+2
 - What is enzyme immobilization? What are its main advantages and disadvantages? Discuss about the different types of enzyme immobilization used industrially with suitable examples. 2+(2+2)+4
 - Discuss the process of isolation of microorganisms from soil. State the different types of microorganisms that occur in soil with examples. What is aeromicrobiology? 5+4+1
 - What is biological nitrogen fixation? State the process of isolating a root nodulating bacteria. 2+8
-